

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 2037.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1888.

SIX DOLLARS
PER QUARTER

Banks.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.
PAID-UP CAPITAL \$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND 4,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS 7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS —
CHAIRMAN — JOHN BELL-IRVING.
DEPUTY CHAIRMAN — W. H. FORBES, Esq.
C. D. BOTTOMLEY, Esq. S.C. MICHAELSEN, Esq.
W. G. BRODIE, Esq. J. S. MOSES, Esq.
H. J. DALRYMPLE, Esq. L. POENICKER, Esq.
J. F. HOLLIDAY, Esq. N. A. SIRS, Esq.
B. LAYTON, Esq. E. A. SOLOMON, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER —
HONGKONG — THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER —
SHANGHAI — EWEN CAMERON, Esq.
LONDON BANKERS — LONDON AND
COUNTY BANK.

HONGKONG — INTEREST ALLOWED
ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNT at
the rate of 2 per cent. per Annum on the
daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS —

For 3 months, 3 per Cent. per Annum.

For 6 months, 4 per Cent. per Annum.

For 12 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED —

CREDITS granted on approved Securities,
and every description of BANKING and
EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief
commercial places in Europe, India, Australia,
America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 4th September, 1888.

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**RULES
OF THE
HONGKONG SAVINGS
BANK.**

—THE BUSINESS of the above BANK
will be conducted by the HONGKONG
AND SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION, on their premises in
Hongkong. Business Hours on WEEK-
DAYS, 10 to 3; SATURDAYS, 10 to 1.

—SUMS LESS THAN \$1, OR MORE THAN
\$250 at one time will not be received. No
Deposit may deposit more than \$2,500
in any one year.

—DEPOSITORS in the SAVINGS BANK,
having \$100, or more, at their credit may
at their option transfer the same to the HONG-
KONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION on fixed deposit for 12
months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

—INTEREST at the rate of 3 1/2 per
annum will be allowed to Depositors on
their daily balances.

—EACH DEPOSITOR will be supplied gratis
with a PASS-BOOK, which must be presented
with each payment or withdrawal.
Depositors must not make any entries them-
selves in their PASS-BOOKS, but should send
them to be written up at least twice a year,
about the beginning of January and
beginning of July.

—CORRESPONDENCE as to the Business
of the Bank, if marked ON HONGKONG
SAVINGS BANK BUSINESS, will be
forwarded free by the various British Post
Offices in Hongkong and China.

—WITHDRAWALS may be made on demand,
but the personal attendance of the
Depositor or his duly appointed Agent, and
the production of his PASS-BOOK, are
necessary.

FOR THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION,

T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1888.

**THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK
CORPORATION, LIMITED.**

AUTHORISED CAPITAL \$2,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL 500,000.

Registered Office, 40, THREADNEEDLE STREET,
LONDON.

BRANCHES IN INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN
AND THE COLONIES.

THE BANK receives MONEY ON DEPOSIT,
Buys and Sells BILLS OF EXCHANGE,
ISSUES LETTERS OF CREDIT, forwards BILLS for
COLLECTION, and Transacts Banking and
Agency Business generally, on terms to be had
on application.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS :

Fixed for 12 months, 5 per Cent. per Annum.

6 " 4 " "

3 " 3 "

ON CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
2 per Cent. per Annum on the Daily Balance.

APPROVED CLAIMS on the ORIENTAL
BANK CORPORATION, in Liquidation, or the
BALANCES of such claims purchased on
advantageous terms.

AGENCY OF THE NATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE
SOCIETY.

E. W. BUTTER,
Manager,
HONGKONG BRANCH.

NOTICE.

M. R. P. M. SETHNA is authorized to sign
the name of our Firm from this date.

E. N. MEHTA & Co.

Hongkong, 17th September, 1888.

To be Let.

TO LET.

ROOMS in "COLONIERS CHAMBERS".

GOODWINS in ICE HOUSE LANE, lately
occupied by Messrs. BUTTERFIELD & SWINE,
from the 1st August.

Apply to

DAVID SASOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, 12th July, 1888.

Intimations.

CONTINUANCE OF

GREAT CHEAP SALE.

ROSE & CO.'S STOCK. IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS. DOORS OPEN AT 9 A.M.

THE HALL & HOLTZ CO-OPERATIVE CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 21st September, 1888.

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W. BREWER

IS the only maker of INDIA RUBBER STAMPS and can execute orders in one day, for any description of Stamps with the exception of Facsimile Stamps which necessitates two days' labour.

Prices cheaper than Ivory Stamps and the impressions much clearer.

Agent for WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES a stock of which just received.

DEMON TENNIS BATS all weights.

PRESSES.

NEW PHOTOS of the PEAK and Peak Tramway and new Photos of Victoria.

W. BREWER,

UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL

[100]

Hongkong, 18th September, 1888.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE RECEIVED NEW STOCKS OF

CRICKETING GOODS:

BATS, BALLS, STUMPS, LEG-GUARDS, &c.

CAPS, FLANNEL SHIRTS, SHOES, and SCORING BOOKS.

TENNIS GOODS:

BATS and BALLS from Various Makers.

NETS, POLES, COURT MARKERS, &c.

TENNIS SHOES.

BATS RE-STRUNG.

LAWN MOWERS.

BILLIARD TABLES, CUES, BALLS, RESTS, &c.

HONGKONG, 7th September, 1888.

Consignees.

occidental and oriental steamship ship company.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship

"ARABIC."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

CHS. D. HARMAN,

Agent.

Hongkong, 19th September, 1888.

[101]

THE CHINA SHIPPERS' MUTUAL STEAM
NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND
SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"NINGCHOW"

Having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk, into the Godowns, of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all claims must be sent in to the Office of the Undersigned before NOON, on the 22nd inst., or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on the 22nd instant, at 4 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected, and any Goods remaining in the Godowns after the 22nd inst., will be subject to rent.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary is given before 10 A.M.,

TO-DAY.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 18th September, 1888.

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FOR NEW YORK.

THE 1/3 L. I. American Ship

"GREAT ADMIRAL."

J. F. Rowell, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, 14th September, 1888.

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FOR NEW YORK.

THE 1/3 L. I. American Ship

"MARY L. STONE."

Jossclynn, Master, shortly expected, will load here for the above Port, and will have a quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

PUSTAU & Co.

Hongkong, 20th August, 1888.

[104]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 1/3 L. I. American Ship

"W. H. CONNER."

Butman, Master, shortly expected, will load here for the above Port, and will have a quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to

PUSTAU & Co.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1888.

[105]

FOR NEW YORK.

THE 1/3 L. I. American Ship

"BISAGNO."

Captain Tognasso, will be despatched as above

TO-MORROW, the 22nd inst., at NOON.

At Bombay the Steamers are discharging in

Prince's Docks.

For further particulars regarding Freight and

Passage, apply to

CARLOWITZ & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 17th September, 1888.

[106]

FOR SHANGHAI.

THE Steamship

"AMOV."

Captain R. Köhler, will be despatched for the

above Port, TO-MORROW, the 22nd instant,

at 4

Intimation.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

OUR NEW SEASON'S

FLOWER AND VEGETABLE SEEDS
ARE NOW READY.
Flower Parcels of 50 Packets, price, \$10.00
of 20 " " 5.00
Vegetable " " 45 " 7.53
Single Packets at list prices.

SPECIAL FLORIST'S SEEDS.

In Packets of six or more named varieties,
viz:—

CLOVE, PINKS—PANSIES—PHLOX—
HOLLYHOCKS—PORTULACA, VERBENA
and PETUNIA.

MIGNONETTE MACHEL
(The New Variety).

Priced Catalogue on application.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong 31st August 1888.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is required that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph," and not to the "Editor."

Letters on Police matters are sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, as evidence of the authorship of the article.

While the editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph" will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interest, it must be distinctly understood that the "Editor" does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in that day's issue not later than Three o'clock so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

Advertisers and Subscribers which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

The "Hongkong Telegraph" has the largest circulation of any English newspaper in the Far East, and is therefore the best medium for Advertising. Terms can be learnt on application.

The "Hongkong Telegraph's" number at the Telephone Central Exchange is No. 1.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers to the "Hongkong Telegraph" are respectfully reminded that all Subscriptions are payable in advance.

DEATH.

At Honam, Canton, suddenly on the 19th inst., CHARLES EDWARD WHITREAD, of the Imperial Maritime Customs, aged 28 years. [933]

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1888.

TELEGRAMS.

(Reuters.)

THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

LONDON, September 19th.

In the Washington senate Senator Sherman advocated the union of Canada with the United States preserving local autonomy.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The French transport *Annamite* left Toulon on the 6th inst. and arrived in Haiphong a few days afterwards.

We would remind members of the Hongkong Cricket Club that the annual meeting takes place at 5 p.m. to-morrow in the Pavilion.

ONE of the latest Parisian fads is to wear ears of corn on the head. The style elsewhere is to wear the ears on the head and the corns on the feet.

THE agents (Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co.) inform us that the "Shire" line steamship, *Glainorganshire*, from London, left Singapore yesterday for this port.

We are requested to state that the O. and O. S.S. Company's steamer *Arabik*, which is intended to leave this for Yokohama and San Francisco on the 27th inst., will call at Honolulu.

A SCIENTIST calculates with great precision what a mosquito could do if it were as large as a human being. There is no utility in such figures. A mosquito can do about four hundred times too much now.

THE two ocean-going torpedo boats which arrived here a few months ago with the cruiser *Porpoise*, were seen steaming at full speed this morning from Yau-mai-ki towards the western entrance to the harbour, probably for torpedo practice.

KIND Man to Policeman—I understand your lot is not a happy one. Policeman—That's all you know about it. It is a hundred feet front on a new street down Eastwards, and has doubled in value in sixty days. What's the matter with that?

IN the Chinese quarters of the town the festival in honour of the "Queen of Heaven," known as the "Moon Cake" celebration, was kept up with the usual display of lantern illumination last night, the sight well repaying a visit to West Point. The numerous hongs and shops which line the labyrinthian streets in that quarter of the town had all rows of lanterns hanging at the doors, and a good deal of jollification was going on within.

In the Summary Court to-day, before Mr. Justice Leach, Mr. Walter Judd was sued by his cook for \$8.30 wages. The hash-slinger used to come down from the Peak daily to go to the market, and stayed here some time. Mr. Judd happened to find out that he spent the afternoon looking after a shop he had established, under the sign of the "Piping Grasshopper," and objected. Could thereupon left summarily, and now claimed his wages. Ultimately he agreed to take half.

THE British female's sins against taste continue to be as scarlet, for we learn upon good authority that she now gets herself up for garden parties, picnics, "and such" in gowns of red cotton, without regard to age, color, or matrimonial condition of servitude.

At the Police Court to-day before Mr. Weddhouse, Chan Min, 35, a married woman of Canton, was charged by Sin Choi, also a married woman, with decoying her into this colony on the 14th inst. for purposes of prostitution. Mr. Wilkinson, of Messrs. Caldwell and Wilkinson, appeared for the defence of this case which had been remanded from the 15th inst.

Complainant said she was the wife of a silk weaver in Canton and lived in the Sai-Chiu suburb. On the 11th inst. she went to the city to look for her husband and landed from a boat at the Sha-Ki wharf where defendant met her and enquired where she was going and for what purpose. On being told the object of the visit defendant said she knew where the husband was and offered to take witness to him. After some hesitation on the part of witness she was taken on board the Hongkong steamer and on arrival in Hongkong the two women took lodgings at a common boarding house, from which, on the 13th, witness was taken to the Praya with the object of finding a steamer bound to Singapore, but on discovering that something was wrong she refused to embark and had defendant given into custody. In her defence to the Court the accused said complainant was the inmate of a brothel in Canton where she had occupied the post of scout for about six years. Plaintiff was always complaining of being "hard up" and had asked to be taken to Singapore, but changed her mind when getting to the Praya and on the point of embarking. The prisoner was discharged, there being a lack of evidence to carry a conviction.

THE monument to Leon Gambetta, the Great Tribune of France, consists of a pyramid about eighty feet high surmounted by a female figure representing Triumphant Democracy, and wearing a Phrygian cap. In her hand Democracy holds the Declaration of the Rights of Man, and she is supported by a winged lion, which advances with open mouth. In the center of the pyramid is Gambetta, his head thrown back, his eyes glancing along the vast artery from the Tuilleries to the Arc de Triomphe, his hand extended in a fine oratorical gesture away toward the horizon, where lurks the unseen but vigilant enemy. It is really Gambetta, just as he might have looked when he made his famous balloon voyage over the Prussian lines and away to Tours, or when he ascended the tribune of the Chamber, to reply to some thrust from his opponents. Over the orator is a winged figure holding a flag and representing the Soul of France, which is stirred to its depths by the eloquence of Gambetta. The awakening of the nation by the fervid accents of the fiery patriot is finely represented by a soldier leaning on the breach of a big gun with a broken weapon in his hand, a workman in a blouse stooping to pick up a sword, and another citizen shouldering arms and ready to march to battle. The group is called the "National Defense, or the 'Marsillaise' of 1870." Underneath is a tablet of black marble inscribed with the words, "To Gambetta, the Country, and the Republic." The monument is certainly striking and effective, but the mixture of classicism and romanticism, and the blending of bronze, iron, stone, and marble make it rather incoherent. It also looks too fragile and too modern in the shadow of the more magnificent and antique monument, the foundations of which were laid by Philip Augustus.

THE publication of our remarks on the "Broker-men" obstruction, the arcade along the Queen's Road front of the Hongkong Hotel has been showing quite a deserted appearance, the previous frequenter of the Rialto probably deeming it derogatory to their dignity to further advertise their profession to all the passers-by, the Chinese fraternity included. We repeat that it is high time a building was provided for a Stock Exchange in the central part of our business thoroughfare. The increase of brokers in the Colony can only mean one thing, and that is that business is increasing, particularly in the traffic in local stocks, is fast increasing and developing. This is certainly a more encouraging symptom than if our share market were unentanted by either principals or middle-men. It is precisely because our local traffic is pressing that the necessity arises for affording suitable accommodation to those who are actively engaged in it, and whose avocations compel them to knock about town a great deal. The telephone has helped in bringing together principals and agents and thus facilitating their mutual intercourse, and a well managed exchange in a central locality would supplement the talking machine and give the finishing touch to our business arrangements. Of course, the question will always arise as to who is to defray the cost of this desirable institution! Why should not the brokers, stock-jobbers, and the merchants themselves? The Government may, or may not, contribute towards the necessary funds; but the merchants of Hongkong are an sufficient body of men to jointly provide for the formation and efficient management of an Exchange by liberal and periodical subscriptions.

ONE of the most pressing desiderata of the Peak has at last been realised. A first-class residential hotel is to be built near the upper terminus of the High Level Tramway line, which will contain accommodation for a large number of the residents of the low levels who prefer healthy summer breezes to the oppressive atmosphere which throughout the hot season hangs like a pall over their habitations and pleasure grounds here below. In another column will be found the abridged Prospectus of the "Austin Arms" Hotel and Building Company, Limited, which is now in course of formation, and which appeals for the support and adhesion of the community at large. As will be seen from the advertisement, the Company not only proposes to build a large residential hotel, but to purchase several other lots at the Peak, and build suitable tenements thereon. It is refreshing to read that the hotel will contain upwards of 50 rooms, and that the houses to be built on the other lots will occupy an area of 84,447 superficial square feet. Those who ought to know best predict an unparalleled success to this grand undertaking. The Peak Tramway Company has been such a success as to have its shares quoted on the market at above 300 per cent. premium on their face value, and it is claimed that the "Austin Arms" Hotel and Building Company, Limited, will surpass anything ever heard of in this gold-coining colony. The idea is undoubtedly a move in the right direction. The vast building sites at the Peak have until quite recently lain useless since the establishment of the colony; but now that there are so few available building sites in the town, owing mostly to the much complained of Chinese invasion, the upper levels are attracting the enterprise, the capital, and the energy of our well-to-do classes. And we feel sure that ample recompence will require legitimate ventures in this direction. One of the first effects of the construction of suitable tenements at the Peak will be a considerable reduction in the abnormally high rents which obtain in all quarters of the city. Were this the only boon conferred by the new Company, it would be sufficient to commend it to universal support. Although we wish to go carefully through the prospectus before pledging ourselves to any definite opinion as to the financial prospects of this gigantic undertaking, we think there cannot be the least doubt that the "Austin Arms" Hotel will soon be an accomplished fact.

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THE publication of our remarks on the "Broker-men" obstruction, the arcade along the Queen's Road front of the Hongkong Hotel has been showing quite a deserted appearance, the previous frequenter of the Rialto probably deeming it derogatory to their dignity to further advertise their profession to all the passers-by, the Chinese fraternity included. We repeat that it is high time a building was provided for a Stock Exchange in the central part of our business thoroughfare. The increase of brokers in the Colony can only mean one thing, and that is that business is increasing, particularly in the traffic in local stocks, is fast increasing and developing. This is certainly a more encouraging symptom than if our share market were unentanted by either principals or middle-men. It is precisely because our local traffic is pressing that the necessity arises for affording suitable accommodation to those who are actively engaged in it, and whose avocations compel them to knock about town a great deal. The telephone has helped in bringing together principals and agents and thus facilitating their mutual intercourse, and a well managed exchange in a central locality would supplement the talking machine and give the finishing touch to our business arrangements. Of course, the question will always arise as to who is to defray the cost of this desirable institution! Why should not the brokers, stock-jobbers, and the merchants themselves? The Government may, or may not, contribute towards the necessary funds; but the merchants of Hongkong are an sufficient body of men to jointly provide for the formation and efficient management of an Exchange by liberal and periodical subscriptions.

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THE publication of our remarks on the "Broker-men" obstruction, the arcade along the Queen's Road front of the Hongkong Hotel has been showing quite a deserted appearance, the previous frequenter of the Rialto probably deeming it derogatory to their dignity to further advertise their profession to all the passers-by, the Chinese fraternity included. We repeat that it is high time a building was provided for a Stock Exchange in the central part of our business thoroughfare. The increase of brokers in the Colony can only mean one thing, and that is that business is increasing, particularly in the traffic in local stocks, is fast increasing and developing. This is certainly a more encouraging symptom than if our share market were unentanted by either principals or middle-men. It is precisely because our local traffic is pressing that the necessity arises for affording suitable accommodation to those who are actively engaged in it, and whose avocations compel them to knock about town a great deal. The telephone has helped in bringing together principals and agents and thus facilitating their mutual intercourse, and a well managed exchange in a central locality would supplement the talking machine and give the finishing touch to our business arrangements. Of course, the question will always arise as to who is to defray the cost of this desirable institution! Why should not the brokers, stock-jobbers, and the merchants themselves? The Government may, or may not, contribute towards the necessary funds; but the merchants of Hongkong are an sufficient body of men to jointly provide for the formation and efficient management of an Exchange by liberal and periodical subscriptions.

ONE of the most pressing desiderata of the Peak has at last been realised. A first-class residential hotel is to be built near the upper terminus of the High Level Tramway line, which will contain accommodation for a large number of the residents of the low levels who prefer healthy summer breezes to the oppressive atmosphere which throughout the hot season hangs like a pall over their habitations and pleasure grounds here below. In another column will be found the abridged Prospectus of the "Austin Arms" Hotel and Building Company, Limited, which is now in course of formation, and which appeals for the support and adhesion of the community at large. As will be seen from the advertisement, the Company not only proposes to build a large residential hotel, but to purchase several other lots at the Peak, and build suitable tenements thereon. It is refreshing to read that the hotel will contain upwards of 50 rooms, and that the houses to be built on the other lots will occupy an area of 84,447 superficial square feet. Those who ought to know best predict an unparalleled success to this grand undertaking. The Peak Tramway Company has been such a success as to have its shares quoted on the market at above 300 per cent. premium on their face value, and it is claimed that the "Austin Arms" Hotel and Building Company, Limited, will surpass anything ever heard of in this gold-coining colony. The idea is undoubtedly a move in the right direction. The vast building sites at the Peak have until quite recently lain useless since the establishment of the colony; but now that there are so few available building sites in the town, owing mostly to the much complained of Chinese invasion, the upper levels are attracting the enterprise, the capital, and the energy of our well-to-do classes. And we feel sure that ample recompence will require legitimate ventures in this direction. One of the first effects of the construction of suitable tenements at the Peak will be a considerable reduction in the abnormally high rents which obtain in all quarters of the city. Were this the only boon conferred by the new Company, it would be sufficient to commend it to universal support. Although we wish to go carefully through the prospectus before pledging ourselves to any definite opinion as to the financial prospects of this gigantic undertaking, we think there cannot be the least doubt that the "Austin Arms" Hotel will soon be an accomplished fact.

THE British female's sins against taste continue to be as scarlet, for we learn upon good authority that she now gets herself up for garden parties, picnics, "and such" in gowns of red cotton, without regard to age, color, or matrimonial condition of servitude.

At the Police Court to-day before Mr. Weddhouse, Chan Min, 35, a married woman of Canton, was charged by Sin Choi, also a married woman, with decoying her into this colony on the 14th inst. for purposes of prostitution. Mr. Wilkinson, of Messrs. Caldwell and Wilkinson, appeared for the defence of this case which had been remanded from the 15th inst.

Complainant said she was the wife of a silk weaver in Canton and lived in the Sai-Chiu suburb. On the 11th inst. she went to the city to look for her husband and landed from a boat at the Sha-Ki wharf where defendant met her and enquired where she was going and for what purpose. On being told the object of the visit defendant said she knew where the husband was and offered to take witness to him. After some hesitation on the part of witness she was taken on board the Hongkong steamer and on arrival in Hongkong the two women took lodgings at a common boarding house, from which, on the 13th, witness was taken to the Praya with the object of finding

ordinary defaulters, or else the law consider that as his clients are in a great measure compelled to trust them they deserve to suffer for doing what they can't well avoid. The legal system of New South Wales, we contend, regards things with an upside-down eye; and when a workman, who has few opportunities for annexing other people's property, lays his hands with immense difficulty on a little loose change, he is punished at least ten times as heavily as the solicitor who appropriates £1000 with facility and has abundant chances for doing the same thing again to-morrow, in spite of the empty farce so regularly enacted by the courts. For it is a well-known fact that the lawyer who is struck off the rolls seldom stops practising on that account, unless he is a much greater ass than lawyers generally are. He simply borrows some starving attorney and starts afresh in his name, and, as a rule, this pays him better in the end than running his business openly. When his own ignoble cognomen is on the door-plate he is directly responsible for any swindles conducted on the premises, but when an indulgent Court has struck his name off the rolls his dummy bears the responsibility and he receives only the benefits for his share. There is more than one prosperous gentleman in New South Wales whose influence began on the day when the outraged law forfeited his letters of marque as a pirate and hurried its indignant though empty censure on his disindulged head. And yet, despite all things, it is only the other day that we witnessed in Sydney the horrible spectacle of a baker's cart, a mere youth, being sent to herd with felons in gaol for a year and a half for embezzling 30 shillings paid him by those who had bought bread from his master.

SCOTTISH HUMOR.

Dr. David Pryde, head-master of the Edinburgh Ladies' College, gave a lecture recently in the Scottish metropolis on "Scottish Humor." Humor or the power of healthy laughter, was, the lecturer remarked, one of the greatest blessings vouchsafed to man. It was

HOME-MADE SUNSHINE.

(Applause.) Among the different kinds of humor that belong to Scotland ranked very high. He proceeded to trace its frequent bluntness to the early struggles of Scotland, which made the Scot rough and ready—rough to withstand blows, and ready to return them. (Laughter.) Its matter-of-fact nature arose in a great measure from the struggle which the Scots had for bare existence. They were able to keep the land; but the land could scarcely keep them. (Laughter.) The people lived from hand to mouth—that was to say, when the hand had anything to carry to the mouth. (Laughter.) The quaintness of the Scot's humor was developed by the circumstances of his national history. There was something about a Scot which insured good luck. That something was

CANNINNESS OR PAWKINNESS.

which meant an unobtrusive, selfishness—(laughter)—a looking after number one while apparently not neglecting number two or number three. (Laughter.) Another peculiarity of Scottish humor which the lecturer noticed was its kindness. If a Scotsman had any characteristic higher than another it was kindness. He was not demonstrative; yet he managed to indicate his feelings in a very gentle manner. Beneath his shaggy brows there beamed a gentle light.

Beneath his rough exterior there beat a warm heart. His very language, rough and harsh though it often was, became soft and musical, and lost itself in tender diminutives. In conclusion, he asked what should they say of

THOSE DEGENERATE SCOTS.

who were ashamed of Scottish habits, speech, education, and religion? They should, he replied, pay them back in their own coin. They should be ashamed of them, and dismiss them from their thoughts as profitless subjects of contemplation. (Applause.)

The following are a few of the anecdotes—some of them well-known—told by Dr. Pryde in illustration of the characteristics indicated:—

BLUNTNESSES.

Lord Cockburn was talking with a shepherd on the north side of the Pentland Hills. He said to the shepherd, "I'm astonished now that your sheep kick to the north side of the hill. If I were a sheep I would prefer the south side." "Deed, my Lord," the shepherd replied, "if you were a sheep you would ha' mair sense."

The Rev. Hamilton Paul, minister of Broughton, was entertaining a dinner party. He was very anxious to begin his dinner. So he said grace in a low voice, and immediately began his fare. One of the guests, who was somewhat deaf, said, "Mr. Paul, you haven't said grace." "I did," "I didn't hear ye." "I wasn't speaking to you."

MATTER OF FACT.

A country doctor met one day the son of one of his patients. "Well, my lad," said the doctor, "how is your father this morning?" "He's dead!" "Dead! Impossible. Was there any medical man beside him when he died?" "No; he just died himself."

In a number of London *Paroch*, some years ago, there was a picture of a Highland country church, as seen on a Sunday morning. A visitor has come up to the open door, and finding the church empty, he says to the doorkeeper, "Has the congregation dispersed?" Doorkeeper, pointing—"Dispersed? Yes; you're him."

"RELICIOUS BHOOT."

An old woman who had been tempted to go for one Sunday to an English chapel afterward said, "There's nae doubt that that kit o' whistles (the organ) is rare bonnie; but, eh me! it's an awfu' way o' spendin' the Sabbath day."—A good woman had reduced two of the number of those in her parish who should be saved. "I hear, Janet," said one of her neighbors, "that you think there's only you and the minister in the parish?" "Ah, weel," replied Janet, "to tell you the truth, I ha' my doubts about the minister."

ECCLÉSIASTICAL.

During the war with France a country minister had been thanking God for the signal victories gained by our soldiers and sailors. Two of his female hearers were talking about the subject on the way home. "Eh, Margaret," said one, "is it no remarkable that the British are ave victorious?" "No; you see the British pray for them, and their prayers are answered." "Oh, but, Margaret, the French pray too." "Oh, Janet, the French, pray too?" "Oh, Janet, the French, who can understand them?"

DRINKING CUSTOMS.

Some years ago a picture in one of the comic papers represented a servant girl giving an old workman a dram. He had taken a sip of it. While he screwed up his features he said, "Eh it's strong. But dinna put ony water in it; I'll just that."

A Highlander on his death-bed said to the minister, "Will there beon't hysen in heaven?" "Oh, no; Donald's here; will be no occasion for that."

PAWKINNESS.

An eccentric lady of very limited means hit upon a very ingenious plan of appearing to be profusely hospitable. When anybody called she

took hold of the bell, and said, "Now, my hand's on the bell, just say what you want. My hand's on the bell, my hand's on the bell!" Another lady, also of thrifty habits, had another way of keeping up her character for hospitality without any expense whatever. When visitors called upon her, she said, "Would you take a glass of wine; or would you rather not?"

KINDNESS.

A lady had recently lost her husband. One day she went with some relatives to visit his grave. Looking at a particular corner of the cemetery, she said "There ye are. There's Professor This, and there's his wife; and there's Dr. That, and there's my jeans—just the auld party, ye ken."

When coal gas came into general use for lighting houses and streets, an old woman was told that there would be no more oil used. "Nae mair oil!" she exclaimed, "then, what's to become o' the puir whales?"

WHY HE DID NOT GO TO THE HOSPITAL.

HE COULD LEAP THROUGH THE AIR.

My object in writing is two-fold: to express my gratitude for a great benefit, and to tell a short story which cannot fail to interest the feelings of many others. It is all about myself, but I have remarked that when a man tells the honest truth about himself he is the more likely to be of use to his fellow-creatures. To begin, then, you must know I had long been more or less subject to attacks of bronchitis, a complaint that you are aware is very common and troublesome in Great Britain, in certain seasons of the year. Some months ago I had a very severe turn of it; worse, I think, than I ever had before. It was probably brought on by my catching cold, as we are all apt to do when we least expect it. Weeks passed by, and my trouble proved to be very obstinate. It would not yield to medicine, and as I also began to have violent racking pains in my limb and back, I became greatly alarmed. I could neither eat nor sleep. If I had been a feeble, sickly man, I should have thought less strongly of it; but as, on the contrary, I was hearty and robust, I feared some new and terrible thing had got hold of me, which might make my strength of no avail against it. I say, that was the way I thought.

Presently I could not even lie down for the pain all over my body. I asked my doctor what he thought of my condition, and he frankly said, "I am sorry to have to tell you that you are getting worse!" This so frightened my friends, as well as myself, that they said "Thomas, you must go to the Hospital; it may be your only chance for life!"

But I didn't want to go to the hospital. Who does, when he thinks he can possibly get along without doing it; I am a labouring man, with large family depending on me for support, and I might almost as well be in my grave as be laid on my back in a hospital, unable to lift a hand for months, or God only knows how long. Right at this point I had a thought flash across my mind to a streak of sunshine in a cloudy day. I had heard and read a good deal about Mother Seigel's Cautive Syrup, and I resolved before consenting to be taken to the hospital, I would try that well-known remedy. On this I gave up the doctor's medicine and began taking the Syrup. Mark the wonderful result! I had taken but three doses, within twenty-four hours, when I was seized with a fit of coughing, and threw up the phlegm and mucus off my chest by the mouthful. The Syrup had loosened and broken it up. Continuing with the Syrup, the racking pain, which I believe came from the bitter and poison humours in my blood and joints, soon left me entirely, and I felt like going to sleep, and I did sleep sound and quiet. Then I felt hungry, with a natural appetite, and as I soon got strong and well.

I felt I could leap through the air with delight!

In a week I was able to go to my work again. It doesn't seem possible, yet it is true, and the neighbours know it. There are plenty of witnesses to prove it. And, therefore, when I say I preach the good news of the great power of Seigel's Syrup to cure pain and disease far and wide, nobody will wonder at me.

THOMAS CANNING.
75, Military-road, Canterbury, Kent.

Mother Seigel's Cautive Syrup is for sale by all chemists and medicine vendors; and by the Proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, 35, Farringdon-road, London, E.C., England.—[Advt.]

To-day's Advertisements.

THE CHINA AND MANILA STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR MANILA, VIA AMOY.

THE Company's Steamship—

"DIAMANTÉ."

Captain A. W. R. Cobban, will be despatched for the above Ports, on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 21st September, 1888. [935]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamship

"GLAMORGANSHIRE."

will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 27th inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1888. [938]

FOR YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

THE Steamship

"ABERDEEN."

C. Taylor, Commander, will be despatched for the above Ports, on the 28th inst.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st September, 1888. [936]

"ROSE & CO."

BEG to inform the Residents of Hongkong and Out Ports, as they have disposed of their Business to the HALL & HOLZ CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, and as they are leaving the colony at an early date, ALL ACCOUNTS owing to them are requested to be paid by the First of October next, and ALL CLAIMS against them to be sent in for collection at once.

ROSE & CO.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1888. [931]

"KING'S."

An eccentric lady of very limited means hit

upon a very ingenious plan of appearing to be profusely hospitable. When anybody called she

To-day's Advertisements.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS
OF THE
AUSTIN ARMS HOTEL AND BUILDING
COMPANY, LIMITED.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE COMPANIES'
ORDINANCES 1855, TO 1886 OF HONGKONG.

CAPITAL.....\$200,000
Divided into 4,000 Shares of \$50 each, of
which 600 are fully paid-up Shares and
allotted, 2,000 have been applied for
and will be allotted, and the
remaining 1,000 are offered
to the Public and are
payable as follows,
viz.:-

\$10 on application, \$10 on allotment, \$5 on
the 1st December, 1888, and the remaining \$25
when and as the same shall from time to time
be called up under the provisions contained
in the Articles of Association of the Company.

DIRECTORS:
J. D. HUMPHREYS, Esq.
D. NOWROOZEE, Esq.
E. C. L. REUTER, Esq.
A. FINDLAY SMITH, Esq.
E. L. WOODIN, Esq.

BANKERS:
THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI
BANKING CORPORATION.

ARCHITECTS:
MESSRS. DANBY & LEIGH.

SOLICITORS:
MESSRS. WOTTON & DEACON.

THE COMPANY has been formed for the
purpose of purchasing from the Vendors
the site of the AUSTIN ARMS at VICTORIA
PEAK, Hongkong, Farm Lot No. 54, for the sum
of \$10,000 (of which the Vendors agreed to take
\$20,000 in fully paid-up Shares in the Company)
and erecting thereon and keeping a large
FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, and also of
purchasing from the Vendor, certain other pieces
of ground at the Peak, registered as the remaining
portion of Rural Building Lot No. 18 and Rural
Building Lot No. 60, for the sum of
\$10,000 (of which the Vendor agreed to take
\$10,000 in fully paid-up Shares of the Company)
and erecting thereon and letting a terrace of
11 Houses.

The Share Capital required for the above objects
is \$100,000, to be raised by the issue of 4,000
shares of \$50 each, of which 600 shares, fully paid
up, will be allotted and issued to the Vendors
in pursuance of an Agreement dated the 18th September, 1888, hereinafter mentioned, by which
the Vendors agreed to sell the said Farm Lot No. 54 to the Company at the price of \$50,000,
and to accept payment of \$20,000 portion
thereof in 400 fully paid-up shares of the Company
and at the service of the public for proceeding to
and from Steamers, Picnic and Bathing
parties, etc.

For particulars, apply to

CRUCKSHANK & CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1888. [891]

HONGKONG HOTEL.

THE Steam Dispatch Launch

"BONNIE,"

is now lying off Pedder's Wharf for hire.

For terms apply to

THE COMPANY'S OFFICE,

1, Pedder's Street.

Hongkong, 1st September, 1888. [892]

FOR HIRE.

THE Fast Steam Launch "ELK" is always

kept under steam off Pedder's Wharf and
is at the service of the public for proceeding to
and from Steamers, Picnic and Bathing
parties, etc.

For particulars, apply to

CRUCKSHANK & CO., Ltd.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1888. [892]

HONGKONG HOTEL.

THE HORSE is prepared to SUPPLY Picnic

& Shooting Parties with all requirements.

The Hotel Launch is Available for HIRE
when not required for Hotel purposes.

For particulars, apply to

C. M. ROBERT,

Manager.

Hongkong, 15th September, 1888. [915]

THE STEAM LAUNCH COMPANY,
LIMITED.

KOWLOON FERRY.

THE COMMODIOUS STEAM-LAUNCH
"PIONEER,"

